

FOR RENT—5-room brick house with bath, windmill and horse corral sheds, with 5 acres alfalfa; Page wire fence; close to town. E. E. Pascoe, 110 North Center street.

# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

\$120 cash buys the furniture of a 6-room house, close in; rent, \$30.00 per month. Come quick if you want this snap. E. E. Pascoe, 110 North Center.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR

14 PAGES

PL ARIZONA, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1911.

14 PAGES

VOL. XXII. NO. 26.

## SENATE FOR DIRECT VOTE

Borah Resolution Had a Good Margin

THOUGH PEOPLE CHOOSE

Government Will Exercise Supervision Over Senatorial Elections—Bristow Amendment Prevailed By Single Vote.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—The senate tonight, by a vote of sixty-four to twenty-four, passed the Borah resolution for amending the constitution of the United States to provide for the election of senators by a popular vote.

The Bristow amendment, giving to the federal government supervision over such elections, was adopted by a vote of forty-five to forty-four, the vice-president casting the deciding ballot. The house has already passed the resolution.

WILL BE NO WAR.

China and Mexico Will Reach Amicable Settlement.

Washington, June 12.—In the view of the state department there is no danger of the friendly relations of China and Mexico being disturbed as a result of the outrages against the Chinese at Tientsin.

The confident opinion is expressed that China's attitude will be reasonable and that Mexico City will do justice to proper claims.

DISASTER ON THE VOLGA. St. Petersburg, June 12.—The sinking of an over-crowded ferry boat on the Volga, near Uslitch is reported. Thirty persons were drowned.

## A SILVER WEDDING AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Its Celebration Will Take Place Next Monday.

Washington, June 12.—A reception which the president and Mrs. Taft will give June 13 on the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage will probably be the most largely attended function ever held at the white house. Probably 4,000 will be invited and at least three fourths are expected to attend.

At the silver wedding celebration, refreshments will be served, there will be dancing in the east room and an overflow garden party in the white house grounds.

Mrs. Taft will not be present, for physicians still wish her to avoid excitement. Miss Helen Taft will stand by her father's side to receive the guests.

This will be the third silver wedding celebration of a president of the United States and his wife.

## GROUND BREAKING FOR PANAMA SHOW

A Four Days' Carnival That Will Cost \$50,000.

San Diego, Cal., June 10.—(Special correspondence of The Republican)—After months of toil and planning, of committee meetings and plodding labor, the ground breaking ceremonies preliminary to the work of construction of the Panama-California exposition are now practically arranged so far as a program of events is concerned.

There will be four days and nights of pageantry and carnival interspersed with various entertainment projects such as only San Diego can offer and make possible.

On the morning of the opening day, July 19, religious services will be held in Balboa park during which a

pontifical high mass will be said by Bishop Conaty at an immense floral altar which is to be a replica of the famous altar in the church of San Francisco, Mexico City.

The formal exercises of the celebration open in the afternoon, when ground will be broken by the directors of the Panama-California exposition in the presence of a host of distinguished guests from all parts of this state and nation. In the evening of that day there will be a big display of fireworks on the bay and the reception throughout the city of all the guests who may visit the celebration.

The second day will open with a floral pageant and the reception of Queen Ramona and her court. Athletic events will occupy the afternoon. In the evening there will be a historical pageant including the great events leading up to the discovery and first settlement of California. The water carnival in this feature of the program will include the arrival and landing of Cabrillo, his reception by the Indians of San Diego and a welcome by the officials who will give him the freedom of the city in due form.

The third day will include an industrial and civic parade in the morning; water sports in the afternoon, and a masque ball in the evening, with receptions at headquarters of the various fraternal and civic societies.

On the fourth day the pageantry of the California missions will take place, presenting the twenty-one missions founded by the Franciscan fathers, around which will be grouped characters costumed to represent the historical and traditional events of each mission. In the afternoon there will be an aviation meet and automobile races. The evening will be given up to carnival festivities and fireworks to King Cabrillo and Queen Ramona.

The entire cost of the four days of pageantry and carnival will be approximately \$50,000. Most of this expense will be the big parades. The mission parade will cost in the neighborhood of \$15,000. The historical parade and water carnival will be at the expense of the committee on celebration. The industrial and floral parades are contributions of the fraternal and civic societies of the city and there will be prizes for the best display in decorations and for floats.

## THE LUMBER TRUST SHOWING MISSOURIANS

HEARING IN OYSTER SUIT BROUGHT BY STATE.

Witness Says Conference Are to Avoid Losses Not to Raise Prices.

Kansas City, June 12.—At the behest of the Southern Lumber Manufacturers' association the Long-Bell Lumber company, which controls thousands of acres of timber land, curtailed its yellow pine output 33 1/3 per cent during six months in 1910. So testified R. A. Long, president of the company, at the hearing of the state's oyster suit against the alleged lumber trust here today. This curtailment was not effected for the purpose of raising the price of lumber but to avoid losses by depreciation and needless insurance and other needless expense. At that time, said Long, there was an over-supply of yellow pine on the market.

Long also admitted that the association appointed a price list committee and adopted its report at the annual and semi-annual meetings. The use of these price lists by dealers was not mandatory, said Long, but for guidance in making sales. Incidentally, Long asserted if the public would cease the "prosecution and persecution of the lumber trade," and would permit the dealers to act together, 20 per cent of the timber that now goes to waste would be saved.

The hearing is being conducted by John Atkinson, assistant attorney general. The suit was brought in 1908 by governor Herbert Hadley, who was then attorney general. There are about forty defendants.

## A TERRIFIC STORM STRUCK NEWPORT NEWS

It Is Believed That Fifteen Lives Were Lost.

Newport News, Va., June 12.—A terrific storm struck the lower end of the Virginia peninsula late this afternoon. It is estimated that fifteen persons lost their lives.

Many small craft went down in the storm at various points along the James river and in Hampton Roads.

Great havoc was wrought here, houses being unroofed and trees, wires and telegraph poles blown down. Half a dozen vessels moored at the piers here broke away and all were damaged. The dead, it is believed, were all fishermen. Rough estimates place the property loss at upwards of \$100,000.

RAVAGES AT PHILADELPHIA. Philadelphia, June 12.—Three persons were killed, seven seriously injured, wires torn down, trees uprooted and buildings damaged by an electric storm which visited the city and vicinity tonight.

## COMMERCIAL INFLUENCES

Will Be Brought to Bear On Statehood Question

CLUBS WILL CO-OPERATE

Albuquerque Commercial Club Starts a Movement To Which Phoenix Board of Trade Lends Its Support.

The Albuquerque commercial club has vigorously undertaken the job of prying the statehood resolution out of the senate committee on territories, and in its work has enlisted the co-operation of the Phoenix board of trade. The following correspondence is self explanatory:

Albuquerque, N. M., June 10, 1911. Board of Trade, Phoenix, Ariz.

Owing to the uncertainty of the statehood situation at Washington the Albuquerque commercial club has decided to try to get all commercial bodies throughout New Mexico to send telegrams to the Honorable William Alden Smith, chairman of the senate committee on territories, urging his committee to favorably report the statehood resolution and setting forth that business in these two territories is suffering because of delay to statehood and important enterprises are being held up owing to uncertainty and that business is becoming stagnant and we are suffering from the inaction of congress and so forth in strong language. If the Phoenix board of trade will take care of Arizona the Albuquerque commercial club will see that all the commercial organization of New Mexico are advised and that telegrams are poured into Washington next week.

Answer immediately.

Albuquerque Commercial Club, Simon Stein, President, T. J. Naylor, Secretary. Responding to the above letter the board of trade promptly replied by wire over the signature of President J. H. McClintock, as follows:

"Board of trade of Phoenix taking prompt action to secure co-operation of commercial organizations throughout Arizona, in urging a favorable report on statehood by senate committee on territories."

Suiting its actions to its words the board of trade yesterday sent the following circular letter to every commercial organization in the territory: Statehood for Arizona.

A telegram has been received from New Mexico asking that the commercial organizations of Arizona send telegrams to Honorable William Alden Smith, chairman of the senate committee on territories, urging the committee to report favorably on the statehood resolution.

We are urged to point out that business interests of Arizona require the admission of the territory to statehood, and that much development is retarded owing to the uncertainty of the action of the committee. There would seem to be necessity for some such action as this, for the statehood bill, which means so much to Arizona, appears to be pocketed in the senate at present, with the adjournment of congress only a few weeks away. Undoubtedly it is most fitting that the senate be advised promptly that Arizona still is keenly desirous of statehood.

The Phoenix board of trade will send a wire on Tuesday, the 13th, and you are asked to send in a message as early as possible. We would like to have a copy of your wire for the files of this office.

Yours very truly, PHOENIX BOARD OF TRADE, J. H. McClintock, President, Harry Welch, Secretary.

## WICKERSHAM'S PLANS NOT FOR THE HOUSE

Refusal to Say What He Will Do to Tobacco Trust Officials.

Washington, June 12.—Following a refusal by Attorney General Wickersham today to furnish the house information as to whether criminal actions are being prepared against the officials of the American Tobacco company, Representative Byrnes of Tennessee, introduced a concurrent resolution directing Mr. Wickersham to proceed at once against these officers under the criminal section of the anti-trust laws.

The information which Mr. Wickersham refused was asked in a house resolution introduced by Mr. Byrnes. Wickersham replied that he did not believe it "compatible with the public interest" to make public the plans of the department of justice.

## SENATE COMMITTEE WILL MEET ON FRIDAY.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—(Special)—The announcement was made today that the senate committee on territories would hold a meeting next Friday. It is expected that the house resolution for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico would be taken up then.

No indication was given as to the time consumed by the committee's deliberations on the resolution but it was stated that probably several sessions would be required.

John P. Orme, president of the Salt River Valley Water Users' association arrived today on business in the interior department.

## A TRIUMPHAL TOUR.

The Journey of Madero Through Southern Mexico.

Cuernavaca, Mex., June 12.—Between files of revolutionary troops under the command of Anasaulo and Zapala, Francisco I. Madero was escorted today to the palace of Cortez. Tonight he is the guest of Governor Juan Carron. He will leave early tomorrow morning for Balsa, returning to the capital on Thursday. An enthusiastic demonstration for the revolutionary leader was renewed in the beginning of his five-day tour through the southland.

Dozens of small surrounding towns contributed brass bands and a riot of color in celebration of the visit.

## THE COTTON CROP.

The Most Valuable Ever Raised in the United States.

Washington, June 12.—The cotton crop for 1910 was announced today to be the most valuable ever raised in the United States. It is estimated in the census bureau's annual bulletin that the crop is valued at \$963,180,000, compared with \$812,690,000 for 1909.

## THE INDUSTRIES NOT INFANTS NOW

THE VIEW OF AN AMERICAN MANUFACTURER.

The Time Has Come When Protection Is Not Needed.

Washington, June 12.—An attack upon the protective tariff system by an American manufacturer, who claims to have studied labor and manufacturing conditions in many countries, held the attention of the house of representatives for two hours today.

Representative William C. Redfield of Brooklyn, a new democratic member, a manufacturer of machinery and long connected with the export trade, said American manufacturers are abandoning the protective system as unnecessary as they develop a more scientific management of their own plants.

A protective tariff simply has enabled the American manufacturer to sell at such high prices that they have not studied their own conditions closely," said Redfield. "They have relied on government support rather than upon business management. The effect has been to stimulate the development of plants until they are now so large that their products must be sold abroad. In this condition manufacturers no longer want to pay the high prices necessary for material under a protective tariff."

Redfield declared that instead of foreign labor being cheaper, American labor was really the cheapest in the world; that the labor produced as much output in proportion to the wages received as American labor.

Redfield attacked the republican principles of a "tariff equal to the difference of the cost at home and abroad," saying that it was impossible to determine the difference. He said the American tariff board was "useless unless empowered to call for cost sheets in the factories engaged in the line of manufacture it is studying," adding that after all the American cost of production is lower than that abroad.

## A HOME READY

A furnished apartment or house—a cozy home all ready to step into; cozy and comfortable. Many people are interested in furnished homes and apartments—the interested ones may be divided into two classes; those who want to occupy them, and those who want to find tenants for them.

These two classes meet through the medium of Want Ads.

Going away for the summer want to rent your flat furnished? Are you a prospective tenant for a furnished home?—Make the facts known in a Republican Want Ad.

Want Ads. solve many problems—and accomplish their object quickly.

## COMPLETION OF YARDAGE

25,000 Yards Required By Ordinance

CONTRACTOR TO GIVE BOND

District Manager of Company Praises Phoenix and Salt River Valley—Contractor Receives Able Assistance From Citizens.

Unless a larger number of property holders are absent from the city than the members of the paving commission and the contractors' representative have been led to think, there will be 25,000 square yards of paving signed up by 6 o'clock this evening. When the contractors' representative appeared in his work of securing contracts with the citizens, turned in their reports last night, it was found that there was already a yardage of 21,000 contracted for, and it is entirely probable that the remaining four thousand will be signed up today.

Frank W. Cresswell, district manager of the Barber Asphalt Paving company, arrived in Phoenix last Sunday morning. During the day he was taken out Central avenue, and along the Arizona canal to Glendale. In spite of the sandstorm Mr. Cresswell enjoyed himself, and before leaving last night for Los Angeles, said:

"I want to say that the future of Phoenix is assured. I had no idea the city was supported by such a rich and fertile back country, and I have been very agreeably surprised by the conditions I find prevailing here. The climate is wonderful, and the people are progressive. I don't believe I know of another city that can compare with it in some of its most favorable features."

After spending Sunday and Monday with Mr. Conway, Mr. Cresswell left for Los Angeles last evening. He expressed satisfaction at the manner in which the paving business had been pushed by the citizens, and stated that he would hurry the completion and shipment of the asphalt plant, so that work could begin by the first of the month. The contractors' representative expects to see the plant, crusher and all other necessary machinery arrive within ten days or two weeks, with the advance guard of the paving crew, and as soon as he is prepared to go ahead with the work, he will begin grading.

Most efficient assistance was rendered yesterday by Eugene Hackett, P. T. Hurley, A. B. Williams, W. B. Twitcheell, Joseph Thalheimer, James Kinney and Aaron Goldberg, who put in the greater part of the day with the contractors and property holders. The contractor attributes a large part of his success in getting the contracts signed up so quickly, to their aid. Most of the men who have assisted in getting the contracts signed, served formerly on the paving committee of the Phoenix Paving association, and the contractor is highly gratified to receive such able help.

When the contracts were turned in last night, Washington street, from Fourth avenue to Fifth street was almost entirely signed up. The only lots for which the paving was not contracted, being owned by men who were out of town. Almost equally good improvements will be made, and it is believed that not less than 25,000 yards will be signed up by tonight.

The Barber Asphalt Paving company will open offices next Wednesday in the Fleming block. The new offices will be Nos. 321 and 322, and a representative of the company will be present in the office during business hours.

## U. S. TROOPS TO ESCORT THE MEXICANS TO WAR

Will Leave for California When S. P. Can Furnish Transportation.

El Paso, June 12.—Six hundred Mexican troops from Chihuahua will be moved from this city to Lower California as soon as the Southern Pacific railroad can furnish the necessary equipment.

Colonel Steever, in command of the Fourth United States cavalry, stationed here states that the Mexican troops will carry along a full equipment of artillery. Colonel Steever has been ordered by the war department at Washington to send a detachment of United States troops with the Mexican troops through United States territory. The size of the force will depend upon how the arms and ammunition of the Mexicans are stored. The cars containing the Mexican war supplies will be guarded by United States soldiers.

## INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW.

American Army Officers and Mounts On the Ground.

London, June 13.—The most important event at the opening of the international horse show at the Olympia today was the appearance of American army officers.

Major Frederick S. Foltz of the Fifteenth United States cavalry was satisfied with the results obtained. The competition is said to have been given the men and horses training so that when it comes to the military contests, the main object of their coming to London, they will be able to do their best.

The Americans failed to win prizes but some of their performances were commendable. Several Americans took part in the day's events and in the evening Captain Guy V. Henry of West Point appeared on Enchantress, and Lieutenant Adna R. Chaffee on Cygnus.

## THE BIGGEST BANK.

Chicago Has the Largest in the United States.

Chicago, Ill., June 12.—Chicago now has the largest bank in the United States. The Continental and Commercial bank which consolidated last winter took over the Illinois Banking association today, making a total of \$245,000,000 in assets. The announcement was made by President George H. Reynolds. The total deposits of the new consolidated banks is \$223,270,250.

## PERE-MARQUETTE STRIKE.

Grand Rapids, June 12.—Two hundred men employed by the Pere Marquette railroad, boiler-makers, machinists, blacksmiths, helpers, freight clerks and repairers, struck this afternoon following the refusal of General Superintendent Trump to consider wage increase.

## TEXAS TOWN BURNED UP.

Dallas, Tex., June 12.—The greater portion of the town of Whitehead in Grayson county, was reported destroyed by fire today. Forty business houses and twenty-five residences, it is said, were burned. Wire communication is interrupted, authentic details not being available.

## CAPITAL OF MEXICO RESUMES NORMAL ASPECT

THE POMP OF WAR HAS PASSED AWAY.

The Days of Reconstruction Have Been Entered Upon.

City of Mexico, June 12.—With the former chief of the revolutionary forces out of the city, scores of khaki-clad men who have been wearing cartridge belts filled with from ten to fifteen rounds of ammunition, have been diverting themselves of their burdens and today for the first time since the triumphal entrance of Madero, the capital assumed a normal aspect.

These are days of reconstruction. President de la Barra is working overtime to restore national tranquility and Madero is tendering him his moral support and some practical advice. By the time he has returned from his trip into the south it is not improbable that a great majority of the men he formerly commanded will be at their former vocations. Both the government and the large corporations need laborers and those who want work will have no trouble in getting it.

Immediately following Madero's inspection of Figueroa's troops, they will be mustered out of service. In Zacatecas and the surrounding country the revolutionary army is breaking up. Most of the men are accepting the offer of a bonus, a horse and the pay of a peso a day since they offered their services. Some are availing themselves of the opportunity of entering the corps of rurales.

The withdrawal of Reyes and his promise to support Madero leaves little room for doubt that the former rebel chief is to have practically no opposition in the forthcoming election. With the exception of the Catholic party, none has given much promise of a dangerous fight, and the Catholic party is not being taken any too seriously.

Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson, has received word that the Americans confined in jail at Chihuahua were to be released today.

## SEYMOUR IS CHIEF.

Court Decision Blocks Design of Mayor of San Francisco.

San Francisco, June 12.—John Seymour was declared the legal chief of police today by Judge Sewall. Judge Sewall granted a writ of prohibition stopping the trial of Seymour by the police commission, on the ground of the inadequacy of the charges, and he issued an injunction restraining D. A. White from interfering with Seymour in the discharge of his duties as chief.

## Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry Bought,

Sold and exchanged. Highest cash price paid for Old Gold, Silver and Precious Stones.

N. FRIEDMAN

Mfg. Jeweler and Watch Repairing. 33 W. Wash. St., Phoenix, Ariz.

## LAYING BARE SUGAR TRUST

Not the Sinful Concern It Used To Be

HAVEMEYER, SCAPEGOAT

Acting President of Refining Company Says that Since His Death the Policy of the Company has Greatly Changed.

Washington, June 12.—The house committee of investigation into the so-called sugar trust's affairs today required Acting President Edwin F. Atkins of the American Sugar Refining company to answer questions regarding its attempts to acquire the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining company at Philadelphia. Counsel James H. Beck, for the company, ineffectually appealed to the committee not to go into the matter, on the ground that former officers of the company are awaiting trial in November on a charge of conspiracy to acquire the Pennsylvania property, and their interests will be prejudiced if the committee pre-judged the case.

Chairman Hardwick and the committee overruled the objections, saying the committee was directed to investigate every phase of the company's operation, and that there was no intention of prejudging the case.

Atkins testified that he had no direct knowledge regarding the Pennsylvania transaction which, he said, was negotiated under the presidency of Henry O. Havemeyer. He said that he had protested years ago to Havemeyer against the policy of the company in acquiring beet sugar plants. The company officials pointed out that the company had undergone a thorough change in management and policy since the Havemeyer regime.

Discussing the relations between the company and the beet sugar interests, Atkins said: "I asked Havemeyer if it was his policy to build up the beet sugar industry at the expense of the cane sugar refining industry. His answer was evasive, and I told him that if that was to be his policy I would sell my stock in the American Sugar Refining company. I subsequently did sell a considerable part of my stock."

Asked why he opposed the company extending into the beet sugar field, Atkins declared that he foresaw in the western field, the beet industry growing would become a formidable competitor of the American company, and as an investor he did not think it a good proposition to aid a rival enterprise to a position where it would have an important effect upon the business industry in which he was financially interested.

Atkins testified that the American Sugar Refining company's stock was scattered all over the globe, with 19,359 stockholders, in November, 1910. The average individual holding of stock was said to be less than fifty shares, and more than 9500 shareholders own ten shares or under.

Atkins submitted a statement to show that during 1910 the company manufactured slightly more than 42 per cent of the total consumption of sugar in the United States, while the beet sugar companies manufactured sugar refineries in the United States the American Refining company owns seven directly or through subsidiary companies and had a stock interest of less than a majority in four of the sixty-eight factories which produce beet sugar. "The American company is interested through stock ownership in thirty-three. "While in 1900," the statement said, "the American refined 67.3 per cent of the sugar consumed in the United States, in 1909 it had produced only 43.14 per cent, and in 1910, only 42.14 per cent."

## NEVADA CONTEST.

Recount of Ballots Cast for Attorney General.

Carson City, Nev., June 12.—The counting of the ballots to determine the election contest between Seymour and Baker, for the attorney generalship of Nevada, began today before the supreme court, beginning with those cast in Washoe county. It will require several weeks to count all the ballots under the supervision of the commissioners appointed by the court.